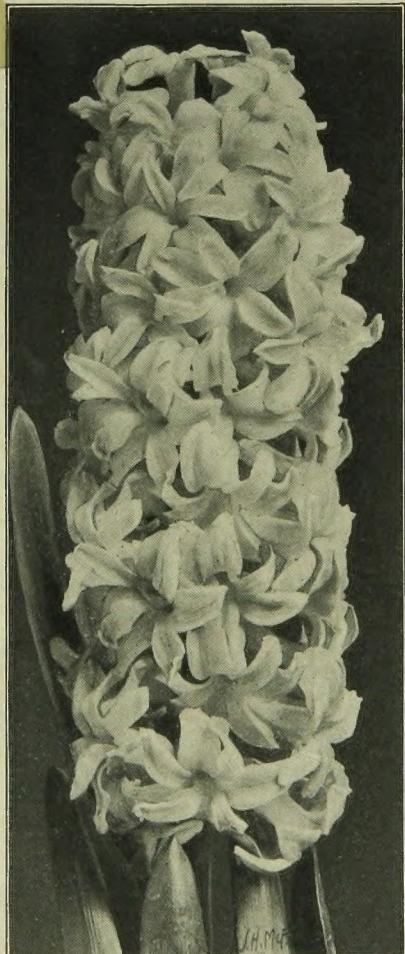


#65-21

Bulbs & Flowering Roots

FOR FALL PLANTING



Gift of

J. Horace McFarland Co.
Harrisburg, Penna.

May 1957

Rose Hill Nurseries



SIEBRECHT & SON

NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

NEW YORK CITY OFFICE:

Windsor Arcade, 567 Fifth Avenue



Those in search of the highest grade of Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Shrubs, Hedge Plants, Box Trees and Bay Trees, our new illustrated Catalogue will be a valuable reference book, and we will send it upon request. We carry an extensive stock of Specimen Evergreens and all kinds of Ornamental Trees, Shrubs and Plants at our Nurseries, and cordially invite would-be purchasers to pay a visit for personal selection of stock.



Reliable Bulbs from Rose Hill Nurseries

To the lover of flowers there is no class of plants so valuable as those which are produced from bulbs. The reason is easily found, because within the bulbs is stored all the future glory of leaves and flowers, and they produce their flowers in very early spring, when the rest of nature is asleep.

OUTDOOR CULTURE.—The bulbs should be planted in October and November, so that the roots may make a good growth before the cold weather sets in, but they may be set out even later if the bulbs remain sound and the ground is not frozen. They require a moderately rich soil that has been well manured for previous crops, or else apply well-rotted cow or sheep manure or bone-meal; fresh manure is injurious to bulbs. A small quantity of sand or fine coal-ashes at the base of each bulb when planted in stiff soil will be beneficial. In planting, the bulbs should be placed from an inch to four inches below the surface, according to the size of the bulb. When the ground freezes hard the bed should be covered with three or four inches of leaves or litter, which should be removed in early spring. Too early and heavy covering starts the tops prematurely, which are frequently injured in March by freezing and thawing.

INDOOR CULTURE.—Bulbs intended for blooming during the winter may be planted from September until November—the earlier the better—in pots, pans or boxes, and be left in the open air, covered with a few inches of ashes or soil, until the earth begins to freeze, and then be placed in a cool greenhouse, cellar or room, at a temperature of 50°. They will need, occasionally, moderate watering after they are brought inside. Or the pots, pans or boxes may be placed at once after potting in a cool, dark cellar, watering well and covering the same as above. After this the bloom is easily developed by giving light and water, and one can have a supply of flowers from Christmas until after Easter by regulating the time of bringing them to the light.

WHEN TO PLANT.—To the beginner we would particularly emphasize the fact that autumn and not springtime is the time to plant all kinds of spring-flowering bulbs.

INSTRUCTION AS TO ORDERING

Express.—Since express companies now deliver plants and bulbs at a reduction of twenty per cent from the regular rates for merchandise, the expense of transportation is comparatively small, and is usually cheaper than postage on orders of two dollars or more. We guarantee safe arrival by express.

Time of Delivery.—Bermuda Lilies, Roman Hyacinths and Freesias arrive in August; Dutch bulbs, Tulips, Hyacinths, Crocuses, etc., about the middle of September.

Club Orders. No smaller number will be supplied than those quoted in the list, except five bulbs at ten rate, fifty at hundred rate, and five hundred at thousand rate. Two or three buyers may club together, thus saving express and securing best rate on price of bulbs.

Remittances should be by express money order, or a post office money order, bank draft or registered letter.

Name and Address.—Please remember to write your name, post office, county and state; also (where necessary) give number of street or post office box as distinctly as possible; also give the name of your express company

HYACINTHS

Outdoor Culture.—The bulbs may be planted any time from October to December—the earlier the better. They succeed in any good, well-drained garden soil. Set the bulbs so that the tops will be 3 or 4 inches below the surface and 6 to 10 inches apart.

Pot Culture.—Plantings may be made at any time from September to December, though October is the best time. A light, rich soil, with a mixture of well-rotted cow or sheep manure, is most suitable. Use a 4- or 5-inch pot, and have the top of the bulb just above the surface. After potting, give a good watering and set away in a cool cellar or outhouse and cover over with coal-ashes or some litter, until thoroughly rooted; they may then be brought as wanted for a succession of flowers into a moderately warm, light room.

Culture in Glasses.—When it is desired to grow Hyacinths in water, they should be placed so that the base of the bulb merely touches the water. The glasses should then be set in a cool, dark closet, or in the cellar, until filled with roots, when they may be brought into the light. Give them as much fresh air as possible without letting the plants stand in a draft, and keep them as nearly as possible at a temperature of sixty degrees until the spikes are developed. To put them at once into a room with a temperature of say seventy degrees would cause them to flower prematurely.

Selected First Size Single Named Sorts

The varieties enumerated below have been selected for their distinct coloring and free-flowering qualities and are all selected first size bulbs, specially suited for growing in pots or glasses or high-grade bedding.

SINGLE RED, ROSE AND PINK

	Each	Doz.
Baron van Thuyll. A beautiful delicate pink	\$0 10	\$1 00
Charles Dickens. Soft rose; large spikes.	12	1 25
Fabiola. Pink, striped carmine	10	1 00
General Pelissier. Finest scarlet Hyacinth.	10	1 00
Gigantea. Best blush-pink varieties.....	10	1 00
Gertrude. Deep rose; large, compact truss.	10	1 00
Lord Macaulay. Deep carmine-pink, striped	10	1 00
Moreno. Waxy pink; very large truss	12	1 25
Norma. Coral pink. One of the best....	10	1 00
Robert Steiger. Deep red; compact truss.	10	1 00
Roi des Belges. Fine, bright scarlet	10	1 00
Sultan's Favorite. Blush-pink, dark stripes.	10	1 00

SINGLE PURE AND TINTED WHITE

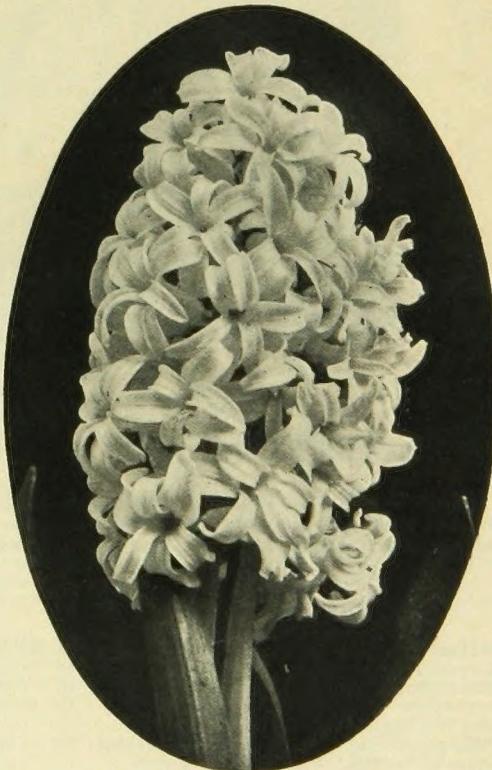
	Each	Doz.
Alba Superbissima. Of purest white.....	\$0 12	\$1 25
Baroness van Thuyll. Pure white.....	10	1 00
Grandeur à Merveille. Finest blush-white.	10	1 00
Grand Vedette. Snow-white; very early..	12	1 25
L'Innocence. Purest white; extra fine spike	15	1 50
La Franchise. Blush-white; very large bulb.	10	1 00
La Grandesse. This is the finest pure white.	15	1 50
La Fucelle d'Orleans. Pure white.....	10	1 00
Mme. Vanderhoop. Pure white; very large.	12	1 25
Mina. Pure white; large bells; fine.....	12	1 25
Paix de l'Europe. Pure white; drooping bells	10	1 00
Voltaire. Creamy white; large bells.....	10	1 00

SINGLE BLUE, LAVENDER, PURPLE, ETC.

	Each	Doz.
Baron van Thuyll. Dark blue; very large.	\$0 10	\$1 00
Blondin. Silvery porcelain-blue.....	10	1 00
Chas. Dickens. Porcelain-blue, shaded dark.	10	1 00
Czar Peter. Finest light porcelain-blue ...	15	1 50
Grand Maitre. Deep porcelain-blue.....	10	1 00
King of the Blues. Finest of the deep blues.	10	1 00
La Peyrouse. Light porcelain-blue.....	10	1 00
Leonidas. Light blue; fine spike.....	10	1 00
Marie. Very deep blue; enormous spike..	10	1 00
Pieneman. Porcelain-blue; large spike ...	10	1 00
Queen of the Blues. Clear silvery blue....	12	1 25
William I. Very dark purple; good spike.	10	1 00

SINGLE YELLOW SHADES

	Each	Doz.
Heroine. Bright citron, tipped green.....	10	1 00
Ida. The best pure yellow; fine spike	15	1 50
King of the Yellows. Fine bright yellow..	15	1 50
La Pluie d'Or. Pale yellow	10	1 00
Obelisque. Rich deep yellow.....	15	1 50
Sonora. Buff; large bells and spike.....	12	1 25



SINGLE HYACINTH.

EXHIBITION HYACINTHS

We have imported a limited quantity of these "Exhibition" or "Mother" Hyacinth bulbs. They are the "cream of the crop," and are intended for those who wish extra fine bulbs for pot culture. We can furnish the following 18 grand varieties.

Red and Rose. Gertrude, Gigantea, Lord Macaulay, Moreno, Norma, Roi des Belges.

White and Tinted. Baroness van Thuyll, Grandeur à Merveille, L'Innocence, La Grandesse, La Franchise, Mme. Vanderhoop.

Blue and Purple. Czar Peter, Grand Maitre, King of the Blues, Marie, Pieneman, Queen of the Blues.

20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Fine Second Size Single Named Hyacinths

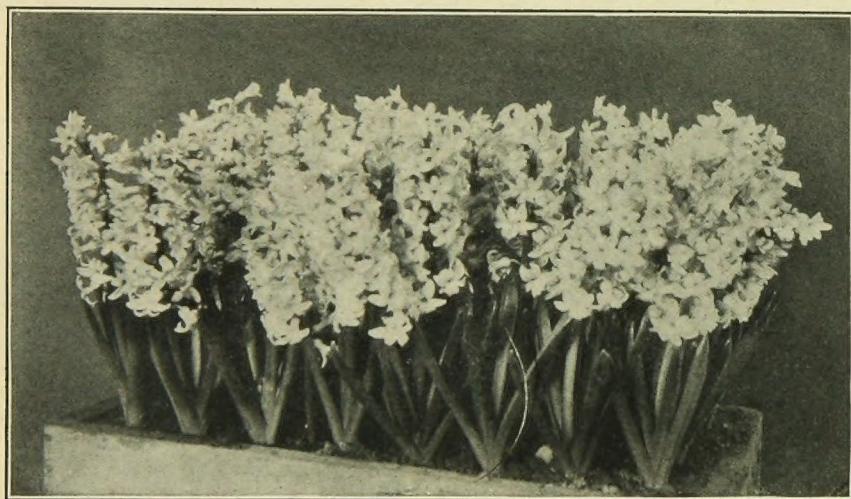
These are smaller than the selected first size bulbs, but are fine flowering stock, and admirably adapted for pot culture and bedding where distinct shades of color are desired—better in every way than mixtures. We can furnish them in the following fine varieties.

Red, Rose and Pink. Charles Dickens, General Pelissier, Gertrude, Gigantea, Lord Macaulay, Norma, Roi des Belges.

Pure and Tinted White. Baroness van Thuyll, Grandeur à Merveille, Grand Vedette, L'Innocence, La Grandesse, Mme. Vanderhoop.

Blue, Lavender and Purple. Baron van Thuyll, Charles Dickens, Czar Peter, Grand Maitre, King of the Blues, La Peyrouse, Queen of the Blues.

Price, any of the above, 8 cts. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$6 per 100



CZAR PETER (See page 3)

Selected First Size Double Named Hyacinths

While Double Hyacinths do not, as a rule, produce as fine spikes as the single sorts—especially when grown in water—yet they are exceedingly handsome and deserve extensive cultivation. The varieties listed below are those which we have found by actual tests to be the most satisfactory.

DOUBLE RED, ROSE, ETC.

	Each	Doz.
Bouquet Royal. Salmon-pink, red center..	\$0 12	\$1 25
Bouquet Tendre. Dark carmine-red	10	1 00
Czar Nicholas. Blush-pink	10	1 00
Grootvorst. Very fine blush-pink	12	1 25
Lord Wellington. Finest double pink.....	12	1 25
Noble par Merite. Deep rose; extra double.	10	1 00
Prince of Orange. Rosy pink; fine spike....	10	1 00
Princess Alexandra. Bright pink; grand spike	12	1 25

DOUBLE PURE AND TINTED WHITE

	Each	Doz.
Anna Maria. Blush-white, purple center..	\$0 10	\$1 00
Bouquet Royal. Pure white; good spike ...	12	1 25
Duchess of Bedford. Pure white	10	1 00
La Tour d'Auvergne. Earliest pure white...	12	1 25
La Virginite. Blush-white; fine spike	10	1 00
Non Plus Ultra. Pure white, violet center...	12	1 25
Prince of Waterloo. Pure white; large spike.	15	1 50

DOUBLE BLUE, LAVENDER, PURPLE, ETC

	Each	Doz.
Blocksberg. Finest light blue; very large spike	\$0 12	\$1 25
Charles Dickens. Dark porcelain-blue; large spike	10	1 00
Gerrick. Deep azure-blue; very large spike.	12	1 25
General Anthink. Light blue; good trus.s..	10	1 00
Prince of Saxe Weimar. Deep purple.....	10	1 00
Rembrandt. Light porcelain-blue.....	12	1 25
Van Speyk. Fine porcelain-blue; very large.	15	1 50

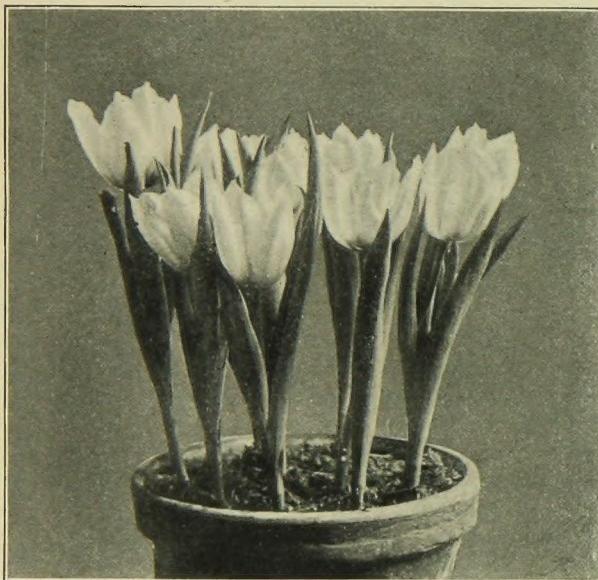
DOUBLE YELLOW

Bouquet Orange. Dark orange-salmon	15	1 50
Goethe. Light yellow; large spike.....	10	1 00
Jaune Supreme. Citron-yellow.....	10	1 00
Minerva. Orange-yellow; extra fine flower..	12	1 25
Ophir d'Or. Citron-yellow, purple center....	12	1 25

SINGLE EARLY TULIPS

The Tulip is always attractive from its beauty and brilliancy of color, and is one of the popular early spring flowers. Our collection is unusually fine, embracing all the choicest varieties. Tulips require cultural treatment similar to hyacinths; the bulbs, being smaller, should not be planted so deep. All the varieties named below are well adapted for pot culture, especially the Duc Van Thol sorts, which can be forced into bloom for Christmas with but little trouble. Put three bulbs in 4-inch pots.

The figures prefixed indicate the average height in inches of each variety.



DUC VAN THOL TULIPS.

	Doz.	100	1,000
8 Artus. Bright scarlet; fine for forcing or bedding.....	\$0 20	\$1 25	\$12 00
10 Belle Alliance. Bright scarlet; fine bedder.....	35	2 25	20 00
10 Canary Bird. Clear yellow; very early.....	25	1 75	
10 Chrysolora. Golden yellow; fine large flower, finest yellow bedder.....	25	1 50	12 00
8 Cottage Maid. White, bordered pink.....	25	1 75	
10 Couleur Cardinal. Rich cardinal-red.....	40	3 00	
7 Crimson King. Crimson.....	25	1 50	12 00
6 Duc Van Thol. Red and yellow.....	25	1 50	
7 " " Scarlet.....	25	1 75	
7 " " Crimson.....	20	1 25	
7 " " Rose.....	35	2 25	
7 " " White.....	35	2 50	
7 " " Yellow.....	35	2 50	
9 Duchesse de Parma. Red, bordered orange.....	20	1 00	9 00
9 Grand Duc de Russie. White ground, flaked with rosy purple.....	30	2 00	
7 Grand Master of Malta. Crimson-rose.....	30	2 00	
8 Golden Standard. Crimson, flaked and feathered golden yellow....	40	3 00	
10 Joost van Vondel. Deep blood-red; very fine.....	25	1 75	15 00
15 Keizerkroon. Bright crimson, margined golden yellow; extra large.....	25	1 75	15 00
9 L'Immaculee. Pure white; early. 20	1 25	10 00	
10 La Reine (Queen Victoria). Pure white, tinted rose; fine.....	20	1 25	10 00
8 Mon Tresor. Yellow; large flower. 40	3 00		

	Doz.	100	1,000
12 Pottebakker, White. Large and finest of all white Tulips.....	\$0 30	\$2 00	\$18 00
12 Pottebakker, Yellow. Very large and fine yellow.....	30	2 00	18 00
12 Pottebakker, Scarlet.....	30	2 00	18 00
8 Princess Marianne. White, shaded rose; fine bedder	25	1 50	12 00
9 Prince of Austria. Orange-scarlet; a striking color; sweet-scented.....	40	3 00	
10 Proserpine. Glossy carmine-rose; large, beautiful.....	40	3 00	
10 Rembrandt. Scarlet, large flowers; early.....	30	2 00	
10 Rosa Mundi. Rose and white.....	25	1 50	12 00
6 Rose Griselin. Very fine bright pink; the finest pink Tulip.....	30	2 00	18 00
8 Rose Luisante. Deep pink; fine for forcing or bedding.....	60	4 50	
9 Silver Standard. White, flaked and striped with crimson; fine.....	30	2 00	16 00
12 Thos. Moore. Rich orange-scarlet; sweet-scented. 30	2 00	16 00	
8 Van der Neer. Rosy violet; the best of its color	30	2 00	
12 Vermilion Brilliant. Rich vermillion; the finest scarlet...	40	3 00	
9 Wouverman. Purple-violet; extra large.....	25	1 75	
12 Yellow Prince. Golden yellow; large, scented; fine forcer.....	25	1 50	12 00

COLLECTIONS OF SINGLE EARLY TULIPS

A border planted with one of the following collections forms one of the most interesting and educational features of the garden during April.

3 each of the 38 named sorts for.....	\$2 75
6 each of the 38 named sorts for.....	5 00
12 each of the 38 named sorts for.....	9 00

LATE-FLOWERING TULIPS

The varieties offered under this head are quite distinct from the early-flowering sorts, coming into bloom in this latitude from the middle to the end of May, and prolonging the show of Tulips fully two weeks. They can be used with a grand effect in beds, while every permanent border and old-fashioned garden should have a liberal quantity interspersed through it, being perfectly hardy and improving each season.

	Doz.	100	1,000
Giant Gesneriana (True). The tallest, largest-flowered and showiest of all Tulips. Rich dazzling crimson-scarlet	\$0 25	\$1 75	\$15 00
Bouton d'Or. Rich golden yellow....	25	1 50	12 00
Maiden's Blush, or Picotee. Purest white, edged with pink.....	40	3 00	
Summer Beauty. Bright rosy scarlet, striped and flaked on a white ground.....	75	5 50	

LATE-FLOWERING TULIPS, continued

	Doz.	100	1,000
Shandon Bell. Delicate primrose, flushed with pink.....	\$0 40	\$2 50	
Yellow Crown. Large flowers; yellow, edged crimson.....	25	1 50	\$12 00
Golden Eagle. Deep yellow.....	25	1 50	12 00
Bizarres. Deep yellow ground, marked with orange, scarlet, crimson, brown, black, etc. Mixed sorts.....	25	1 50	12 00
Darwin. Very large, finely formed flowers in an immense variety of solid or self colors—such as slate, claret, mahogany, cherry, heliotrope, etc. Finest mixed varieties.....	30	2 00	18 00
Violet Bybloems. White ground, with black, violet, purple to pale lilac markings.....	25	1 50	12 00

	Doz.	100	1,000
Rose Bybloems. White ground, with delicate pink and rose shades to bright scarlet and deep crimson markings.....	\$0 25	\$1 50	\$12 00

COLLECTIONS OF LATE-FLOWERING TULIPS

One of the following collections makes a very showy and attractive border, and furnishes excellent material for cutting.

3 each of the above 11 sorts for.....	\$0 80
6 each of the above 11 sorts for.....	1 50
12 each of the above 11 sorts for.....	2 85
25 each of the above 11 sorts for.....	5 50
100 each of the above 11 sorts for.....	18 00

Double Tulips

While not equal to the single in brilliancy, the double varieties last much longer in bloom. The early varieties, such as Duc Van Thol, Murillo, Titian, Imperator Rubrorum and the Tournesols, are excellent for forcing. The later sorts will not bear forcing, but are very effective in beds or borders.

	Doz.	100
10 Couronne d'Or (Crown of Gold). Golden yellow; beautiful.....	\$0 60	\$4 50
9 Duke of York. Carmine-rose, bordered with white.....	25	1 50
6 Due Van Thol. Red, edged yellow. Earliest of all.....	20	1 25
9 Gloria Solis. Deep crimson, with gold margin.....	25	1 50
8 Imperator Rubrorum. Bright scarlet. Brilliant and effective.....	35	2 50
8 Le Cadeur. Pure white...1,000, \$12..	25	1 50
12 Mariage de ma Fille. Crimson and white, flaked and striped; late.....	40	3 00
6 Murillo. Superb light pink.....	40	3 00
8 Rex Rubrorum. Bright scarlet..... per 1,000, \$18..	30	2 00
8 Rose Blanche. Pure white; fine bedder.	25	1 50
7 Salvator Rosa. Deep rosy pink.....	60	4 50
8 Titian. Red, bordered yellow. Fine bedder; early	30	2 00
8 Tournesol. Red, edged yellow; fine forcer	per 1,000, \$18..	30
8 Tournesol Yellow. Bright yellow, shaded orange; fine.....	50	3 50
10 Yellow Rose. Golden yellow; late-flowering; fragrant.....	25	1 50

COLLECTIONS OF DOUBLE TULIPS

45 bulbs, 3 each of the 15 named varieties...	\$1 25
90 bulbs, 6 each of the 15 named varieties...	2 25
180 bulbs, 12 each of the 15 named varieties...	4 25

PARROT OR DRAGON TULIPS

Very large flowers of singular and picturesque forms and brilliant colors, very beautiful and interesting. The petals are curiously fringed or cut.

Price of any of the following, except where noted, 35 cts. per doz., \$2.50 per 100

Constantinople Orange-scarlet, black markings, yellow base.

Cramosie Brilliant. Brilliant carmine.

Lutea. Clear yellow, feathered with red and green.

Markgraaf. Yellow, flamed scarlet.

Perfecta. Striped yellow and red.

Mixed Colors. In great variety; a border of these resembles an oriental rug in coloring. 20 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.



J.H. METZ

PARROT TULIPS.

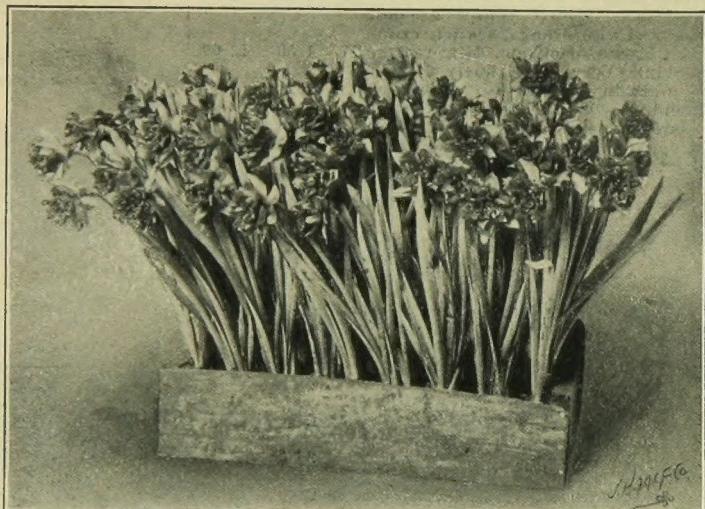
NARCISSUS, OR DAFFODIL

There are no hardy bulbous plants which have more points of merit than the Narcissus. Perfectly hardy, growing and doing well in almost any and every position, sun or shade, moist or dry. All conditions seem to suit it, and every vacant corner in the garden, amongst the grass, under the trees, etc., could not be used to better advantage than by filling with Narcissus. They are equally desirable for pot culture for winter flowering. Three or four bulbs can be put into a 5-inch pot, and, with the same treatment as given to hyacinths, the dull winter and early spring months can be made bright with their exquisite gold and silver blossoms. But it is outdoors that Narcissus does best, and once planted needs no further attention, the clumps multiplying and giving larger and finer results each year, and from an original planting of a few hundred bulbs in two or three years thousands of flowers may be cut without missing them.

LARGE TRUMPET VARIETIES

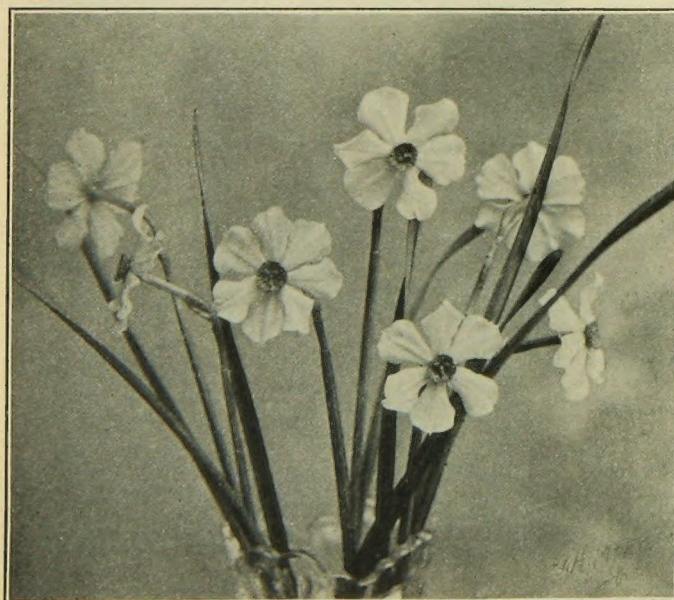
This type is the showiest of the genus, and also the most useful, growing easily either indoors or in the open.

	Each	Doz.	100
Albicans. Perianth white, large, bold primrose trumpet.....	\$0 06	\$0 60	\$4 50
Ard Righ (Irish King). Large golden yellow trumpet.....	07	70	5 00
Bicolor Grandee. Pure white petals and yellow trumpet; late.....	06	60	4 00
Empress. Perianth snow-white, trumpet rich yellow.....	07	70	5 00
Emperor. A magnificent flower; perianth deep primrose; trumpet large, rich yellow.....	07	70	5 00
Golden Spur. Deep yellow perianth; trumpet golden yellow.....	06	60	4 50



VAN SION NARCISSUS.

	Each	Doz.	100
Henry Irving. Deep yellow perianth and large trumpet of golden yellow.			
One of the best for cutting.....	\$0 06	\$0 60	\$4 50
Horsfieldii. Perianth pure white, trumpet rich yellow.....	06	60	4 00
Maximus. Deep golden yellow flower.	07	70	5 00
Principes. One of the finest of the large trumpet type; perianth pale sulphur, trumpet rich yellow.....	03	25	1 50
Rugilobus. Sulphur perianth, with golden yellow trumpet.....	04	35	2 50
Trumpet Major. Rich yellow; an excellent sort for forcing or bedding.....	03	25	1 50



NARCISSUS POETICUS.

CHALICE-CUP, OR STAR VARIETIES

This class comprises some of the most beautiful and graceful forms. All are especially adapted for naturalizing.

Barrii Conspicuus. Perianth sulphur; broad spreading cup; magnificently illuminated with scarlet. 4c. each, 30 cts. per doz., \$2 per 100.

Incomparabilis. Yellow, with orange cup. 3 cts. each, 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100.

Cynosure. Large primrose perianth; cup yellow, conspicuously stained with orange-scarlet. 3 cts. each, 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100.

Figaro. Perianth lemon-yellow; cup large, spreading and stained orange-scarlet. 3 cts. each, 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100.

Leedsi. Pure white perianth, cup lemon. 3 cts. each, 20 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100.

Sir Watkin. A gigantic flower, the largest in this section; perianth sulphur-yellow, cup tinged orange. 7 cts. each, 70 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Stella. Star-shaped, pure white with yellow cup. 3 cts. each, 20 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100.

THE POET'S NARCISSUS

This is the old-fashioned favorite type, with white flowers, the cups margined with red and with rich, spicy odor. For indoor culture the Ornatus is best. All do well in the open border, are perfectly hardy, and, once planted, take care of themselves.

Biflorus. Pure white perianth, with soft yellow crown, two to three flowers on each stalk. 20 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100.

Burbidgei. Pure white flowers, cup edged with rich cinnabar-red; earliest to bloom; much prized for cutting. 20 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100.

Poeticus (*Pheasant's Eye*, or *Poet's Narcissus*). Flowers large, snow-white, with beautiful cup suffused with bright orange-red; blooms in May; very fragrant. 15 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100, \$5 per 1,000.

Poeticus ornatus. The most perfect form of the Poet's Narcissus. It is more symmetrical than the old Poeticus, and blooms a month earlier; flowers large, pure white, cup margined with scarlet. 20 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.

DOUBLE DAFFODILS

No collection of Narcissus is complete without the double-flowering sorts. While not as attractive as many of the single varieties, they possess a charm peculiarly their own. All are perfectly hardy, and are much in demand for cutting.

Van Sion. Flowers golden yellow, large and of fine form.

Extra Selected Double-nosed bulbs, 4 cts. each, 40 cts. per doz., \$2.50 per 100, \$22 per 1,000.

Selected bulbs, 3 cts. each, 30 cts. per doz., \$2 per 100, \$18 per 1,000.

Fine bulbs, 3 cts. each, 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$13 per 1,000.

Incomparable (*Butter and Eggs*). Orange and yellow. 20 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100, \$9 per 1,000.

Orange Phœnix (*Eggs and Bacon*). Light citron, with orange center. 4 cts. each, 30 cts. per doz., \$2 per 100.

Sulphur, or Silver Phœnix (*Codlins and Cream*). Creamy white, with pale sulphur center. 7 cts. each, 70 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Alba plena odorata. Double, pure white; very sweet-scented. 3 cts. each, 20 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.

JONQUILS

(*Narcissus Jonquilla* and *Odorus*)

All of the Jonquils are prized for their graceful, golden, fragrant blossoms and the ease with which they may be grown. Half a dozen bulbs can be put in a 5-inch pot, and, with the same treatment as recommended for hyacinths (see page 3), a fine display can be had from January to April. Their cost is so trifling that liberal plantings should be made outdoors. A clump of fifty or more bulbs put here and there among shrubbery or interspersed in the hardy border or naturalized in the grass gives an indescribably rich effect in the early spring, while a vase of the cut blooms will fill a room with the rich, spicy odor.

Single Sweet-scented. Rich yellow. 15 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100, \$6 per 1,000.

Campannelle. Large yellow flowers; sweet-scented. 15 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100, \$7 per 1,000.

Campannelle rugulosus. The largest pure yellow; very fragrant. 20 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100, \$10 per 1,000.

Double. Full double golden yellow. 4 cts. each, 35 cts. per doz., \$2.50 per 100.

POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS.

Beautiful, free-flowering, deliciously sweet-scented flowers of the easiest culture; suitable for forcing or for growing in water in the same way as the Chinese Sacred

Narcissus. They bear tall spikes of bloom, with from six to twenty flowers each. Bulbs planted in the open border in October and November stand the winter with protection.

Double Roman. White, with orange center; very fragrant. 4 cts. each, 30 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100.

Grand Monarque. Crown a lovely primrose shade. 5c. each, 40 cts. per doz., \$2.50 per 100.

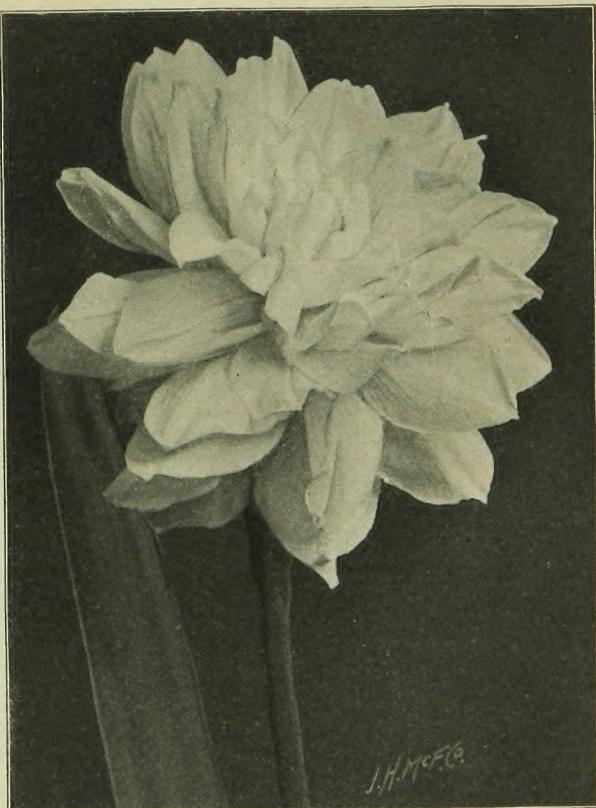
Grand Primo. Cup citron, perianth pure white. 5 cts. each, 40 cts. per doz., \$2.50 per 100.

Grand Soleil d'Or. A charming rich yellow flower, with deep, reddish cup. 5c. each, 40c. per doz., \$2.50 per 100.

Paper White. The principal early forcing variety; snow-white. 3 cts. each, 25 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100.

Paper White Grandiflora. The flowers are star-shaped, and beautiful. 4c. each, 30 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100.

Mixed. 3 cts. each, 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100.



SULPHUR, OR SILVER PHœNIX.

NARCISSUS IN MIXTURE

Single Varieties. Mixture does not contain the very cheapest sorts, and will be found very fine. 15 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100, \$8 per 1,000.

Double Varieties. A fine mixture that is warranted to give satisfaction. 15 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100, \$9 per 1,000.

CHINESE SACRED LILY

(*Soy Sin Far*, *Joss Flower*, or *Flower of the Gods*)

For the most part these are grown in water in fancy bowls, with just enough pebbles around them to keep them from toppling over. They can also be grown in pots in soil, sand or moss. The white and yellow flowers are borne in clusters and are highly scented. Large bulbs, 10 cts. each, 3 for 25 cts., 90 cts. per doz. Original basket containing 30 bulbs, \$2.



CROCUS

CROCUS

This universally admired spring flower will thrive in any soil or situation, but should be grown in an open bed or border of rich, sandy loam. To secure a succession of blooms commence planting early in October, six or eight bulbs in a pot (the named varieties are best for this purpose), using rich soil and planting about an inch deep.

NAMED CROCUS

These are large bulbs of the best varieties and are remarkable for richness of color and size of flowers.

Cloth of Gold. Yellow, veined brown.
King of the Blues. Rich purplish blue.
Mme. Mina. White, striped lavender-blue.
Mammoth Yellow. Golden yellow; very large.
Mont Blanc. Large pure white.
Purpurea grandiflora. Richest purple.
Queen of the Netherlands. Purest white.
Sir Walter Scott. White, striped with violet.

Any of the above, in extra fine bulbs, 15c. per doz., 70c. per 100, \$6 per 1,000

MIXED CROCUS

	Doz.	100	1,000
Blue and Purple shades ..	\$0 10	\$0 40	\$3 50
Striped and Variegated sorts	10	40	3 50
White sorts.....	10	40	3 50
Golden Yellow. Good bulbs	10	40	3 50
All Colors, mixed	10	35	3 00

Miscellaneous Bulbs and Roots

AGAPANTHUS (African Lily)

Splendid ornamental plants, bearing large clusters of bright blue and pure white flowers on long flower-stalks, and lasting a long time in bloom.

Umbellatus. Bright blue.

Umbellatus alba. Pure white.

Umbellatus Mooreanus. Of dwarfer, more compact habit than the type and much freer flowering, even the smallest plants throwing up strong flower-spikes, with large umbels of 30 to 50 beautiful dark blue flowers.

Any of the above, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

ANEMONES

These charming hardy spring flowers are becoming better known and more popular as a garden flower. They succeed best in a light, rich, well-drained loam. Plant in October or November, or as soon as the ground can be worked in the spring. If planted in the autumn, they should be covered with leaves, straw or long manure on the approach of winter. For pot culture, fill with any rich, porous compost, with good drainage, planting four roots in a 5-inch pot; place in a coldframe, or any moderately cool situation, giving very little water until the plants appear; then remove to the greenhouse or sitting-room window.

DOUBLE ANEMONES

Duchess of Lorraine. Deep rose.	Ceres. White, tinted rose
Harold. Blue.	Rosette. Delicate rose.
L'Eclair. Scarlet.	

4 cts. each, 40 cts. per doz., \$2.50 per 100; Double Mixed, all colors, 3 cts. each, 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100.

SINGLE ANEMONES

	Each	Doz.	100
Single Brilliant Scarlet	\$0 02	\$0 20	\$1 25
Single White (The Bride)	02	20	1 25
Single Mixed. All colors	02	20	1 00



ANEMONE

AMARYLLIS (Knight's Star Lily)

Splendid flowering bulbs, suitable for greenhouse, room or garden cultivation. For indoor use they should be grown in pots, well drained, in a soil of equal parts of peat, leaf-mold and loam. After flowering, the bulbs must be ripened off by discontinuing water as the foliage shows signs of dying. When at rest, store away in a dry, cool place, leaving the bulbs in the pots.

Aulica Platypetala (Lily of the Palace). Intense crimson, tipped green. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.
Belladonna Major (Belladonna Lily). Silvery white, turning to soft rose. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Defiance. Very large flowers of a deep carmine, striped with white. 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz.

Equestre (Barbadoes Spice Lily). Bright orange-scarlet, with a white, star-shaped center; quite fragrant. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Formosissima (Jacobean Lily). Crimson; blooming early in the summer. 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100.

Johnsonii. Very large flower, of a rich crimson-scarlet color, striped with white. Fine bulbs, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.; extra large bulbs, 35 cts. each, \$3.50 per doz.

Prince of Orange. Large flowers; orange, intermingled with white and green. 60 cts. each, \$6 per doz.

Solandriiflora conspicua. Striped white, green and rose. 75c. each, \$7.50 per doz.

Vittata Hybrids. Beautiful striped, flaked and feathered varieties. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

One each of the above nine Amaryllis, a splendid collection, all extra strong bulbs, for \$3.50

CLIVIA (*Imantophyllum*)

Miniatum. A pretty lily-like plant of the easiest culture, and most desirable house plant; it flowers during the spring and summer months, remaining in bloom for a long period. The flowers are about 2 inches long and are borne in dense clusters of from ten to twenty flowers on each; in color it is of a fine orange-red, shading to buff. Extra strong plants in 6-inch pots, 75 cts. each.

CALLA LILIES

White Calla (*Richardia Althiopica*). The White Calla, or Lily of the Nile, is a well-known plant of easy culture, and in winter is one of our best window plants. Good roots, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.; extra large roots, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.; mammoth roots, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

"**Little Gem.**" A miniature variety of the White Calla, growing from 9 inches to 1 foot in height. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

Black (*Arum sanctum*). This interesting variety from the Holy Land resembles in habit and foliage the White Calla, with flowers of a rich purple color over a foot in length and 4 to 6 inches across. 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

Spotted-leaf (*Richardia alba maculata*). The leaves are deep green, with numerous white spots, which give the plant a very ornamental appearance. The flowers are white, with a black center; they grow freely either indoors or out. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

Golden Yellow (*Richardia Elliottiana*). Entirely distinct and unlike all other forms of yellow Callas. Strong bulbs, \$1 each.

One each of the five Callas, strong roots, \$1.25

CROWN IMPERIALS

Very showy and stately early spring-blooming plants. The flowers are bell-shaped, and are borne in a whorl at the top of the plant, which grows from 3 to 4 feet high. The Crown Imperial will grow well in any good garden soil. If it can be said to have preference, it is for a deep loam. At the time of planting the soil should be deeply trenched and well manured.

Superfine Mixed. Including red, yellow and shades of orange. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7.50 per 100. Add 2 cts. each for postage.



FREESIA.

FREESIA

This is one of the most beautiful of all the Cape bulbs, possessing a peculiar grace of form, and its fragrance is most delightful, one pot of five or six bulbs being sufficient to perfume a whole house. As cut-flowers they are extremely valuable; the unexpanded blooms, opening in water, fill the air with the most delicate perfume, and their endurance is really remarkable. They force very easily, and can be had in flower at Christmas, and continue in succession until June. When potted these should not be kept in a dark place like most other bulbs, but should be put directly in the light.

Refracta alba. Pure white; delightfully fragrant.

Mammoth Bulbs. 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$12 per 1,000.

Selected Bulbs. 15c. per doz., \$1 per 100, \$8 per 1,000.

Leichtlinii. Large, pure yellow; fragrant. 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100.

DIELYTRA

Spectabilis (Bleeding Heart). A well-known beautiful plant, which blooms early in spring, producing racemes of delicate white and pink heart-shaped flowers. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.; by mail, 5 cts. each extra.

Eximia (Plumy Bleeding Heart). A dwarf-growing species, with finely cut ornamental foliage, growing about 15 inches high and producing its showy pink flowers from April to August. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.; by mail, 5 cts. each extra.

COLCHICUM (Autumn-flowering Crocus)

Autumnale (Meadow Saffron). The flowers come through the ground without the leaves in the fall, the leaves appearing the following spring. 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$4 per 100.

Parkinsoni. Checkered with dark purple on a white ground; unique. 4c. each, 40c. per doz., \$3 per 100.



HEMEROCALLIS (DAY LILY).

CYCLAMEN

There are few winter-flowering bulbs more attractive than the Cyclamen, being an ideal plant either for greenhouse or window decoration.

Pure White.
Blood-Red.

White, with carmine eye.
Deep Rose.

Any of the above in extra fine plants, 25c. each,
\$2.50 per doz. Mixed, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

FUNKIA (Plantain Lily)

Cærulea. Large clusters of beautiful blue flowers, and broad green leaves.

Subcordata grandiflora. Pure white, lily-shaped fragrant flowers, borne in large clusters.

Undulata media picta. Green and white foliage, with purple flowers; fine for edging.

Thos. Hogg. Broad glaucous foliage, with a pretty white border; distinct and desirable.

15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

FRITILLARIA

Meleagris (Snake's Head, or Guinea Hen Flower). Curious drooping bell-shaped flowers, most of which are very oddly marked, many being checkered and splashed white and purple, cream and maroon, etc. Mixed colors, 3c. each, 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100. **Recurya.** A beautiful and distinct sort from California; excellent for naturalizing. 5c. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100.

HEMEROCALLIS (Day Lily)

Florham. A new hybrid, producing very large golden yellow, sweet-scented flowers during June and July; quite distinct in color and remarkably free-flowering. 50 cts.

Aurantiaca Major. A new Japanese variety of vigorous habit and very free-flowering, with large, sweet-scented, trumpet-shaped flowers. Blooms in June and July. 50 cts.

Dumortieri. Soft, rich yellow, exterior bronzy orange; blooms in June and July.

Fulva (Tawny Day Lily). Tawny orange flowers, excellent for planting among shrubbery; blooms in July and August.

Flava (Yellow Day Lily). Large fragrant yellow flowers during July and August in the greatest profusion.

Kwanso (Double Orange Lily). Double, large, orange-colored flowers shaded copper; blooms in July and August.

Middendorffii. A handsome, deep golden yellow; June and July.

Thunbergii. One of the latest flowering varieties, producing its sweet-scented lemon-yellow flowers in August and September.

Except where noted, 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz.; the set of 8 for \$1.75

GLADIOLUS, "The Bride"

A lovely pure white form of the *Gladiolus Colvilli*. The flowers are freely borne on long stems, and can be forced into bloom at a time when flowers are scarce. Six bulbs can be planted in a 6-inch pot. Equally good for forcing or blooming in the open. 20 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100.

HELLEBORUS (Christmas Rose)

Most valuable hardy plants on account of yielding with utmost freedom, at a season when flowers are scarce, their beautiful large blossoms. 30 cts. each, \$3 per doz.

IXIAS

Flowers are of the most brilliant, rich and varied hues.

Cateroides. Fiery scarlet, large blooms. 25c. per doz., \$1.75 per 100.

Mixed. All colors. 12 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100.

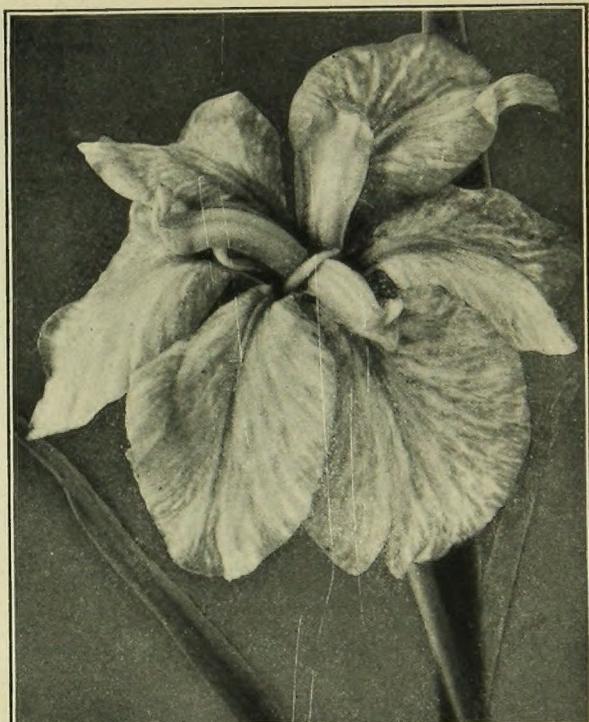
IRIS (Fleur-de-Lis)

Hardy spring- and summer-blooming plants, bearing large, rich and various-colored flowers. They are of easy culture, and thrive in any good garden soil. The whole family have claims on the attention of amateurs, on account of their excellent faculty of taking care of themselves if properly planted in the first instance.

JAPANESE IRIS (*I. Kaempferi*)

These magnificent Iris are among the most beautiful of our summer-flowering plants. They commence blooming about the middle of June, and continue for five or six weeks.

Date-Dogu. Rich violet-purple, with golden center; three petals.
Fuji-jose. White, marbled with violet-blue.
Hana-aoi. The nearest to a true blue.
Iso-no-nami. Silvery white, delicately veined with violet.
Kagaribi. White, beautifully traced with ultra-marine-blue.
Kanarinishiki. Grayish white, mottled violet.
Kasangana. White, suffused with violet-purple.
Kim-no-megumi. Pearly white, delicately veined blue; three petals.
Koki-no-ero. Royal purple, golden center.
Kumo-obi. Pure light violet, yellow center.
Mana-dsru. A late-flowering white.
Oniga-shima. Royal purple, veined white.
O-torige. Light violet-blue, veined white.
Renjo-no-toma. Light lilac, suffused light violet.
Senjo-no-hara. White, variegated with deep purple.
Shippo. Light lilac, densely veined purple.
Shishi-odori. Rich dark velvety purple.
Shi-un-ryo. Light ground, densely veined deep violet; three petals.



JAPANESE IRIS.



GERMAN IRIS.

GERMAN IRIS (*I. Germanica*)

The German Iris is one of the most desirable early spring-flowering plants. The flowers are of large size and of exquisite colors.

California. A fine dark yellow.
Honorabilis. A fine yellow, lower petals brown.
John De Witt. Light lilac and dark purple.
L'Innocence. Pure white, lower petals slightly veined orange.
Mme. Chereau. White, edged with lavender-blue.
Plicata. Light blue and deep violet.
Queen of Gypsies. Lavender and bronze, feathered rich plum, white and buff.
Rembrandt. Light violet and dark blue.
Shakespeare. Yellow and dark purple.
Velveteen. Light yellow and velvety purple black.
Virgile. A fine shade of mauve, lower petals purplish lilac, with bronze markings.
Walneri. Lilac and dark blue.
Mixed Varieties. 10c. each, \$1 per doz., \$6 per 100.
Except where noted, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100; set of 12 varieties for \$1.50

IRIS SIBIRICA ORIENTALIS.

Fine ornamental foliage and rich violet-blue flowers. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.



LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY.

LILY-OF-THE-VALLEY

One of the most charming of spring-flowering plants, bearing slender stems with tiny bells, deliciously fragrant. They are largely used for forcing in winter and spring, and can readily be flowered in the house. The simplest method for indoor culture is to place a bundle of 25 pips in a 7- or 8-inch pot, filling it up with sand, moss or light soil, allowing the points of the pips to be about an inch above the surface. They should then be placed out of doors in a shaded place and subjected to frost, which materially helps in their quick flowering. The pots can be brought indoors as wanted, and if frozen should be thawed out slowly, after which they may be put in a shaded place in a temperature of about 70 degrees.

Selected Pips. For forcing or planting out, but we recommend clumps as most suitable for outdoor planting. 25 cts. per doz., bundles of 25 for 40 cts., \$1.50 per 100, \$14 per 1,000. Extra fine strong pips, \$18 per 1,000.

Strong Imported Clumps. For outdoor planting. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100. Clumps can be sent only by express or freight, purchaser paying charges.

OXALIS

These are profuse bloomers and very attractive in the greenhouse or conservatory during the winter. Plant three or four bulbs in a pot; the pot should be kept near the glass to prevent the foliage from growing too long.

Grand Duchess. New varieties of great beauty; of dwarf, sturdy growth, throwing their large, exquisite flowers well above the foliage. Extremely free-flowering, never being out of bloom from November till June. One of the most desirable for window culture. We offer them in three distinct colors, Pink, White and Lavender. Either color, 4 cts. each, 40 cts. per doz., \$3 per 100.

Bermuda Buttercup. One of the finest of winter-flowering plants for pot culture. Of strong, luxuriant growth; one bulb is sufficient for a 6-inch pot. The great profusion of bloom produced in uninterrupted abundance for weeks is astonishing. The flowers are of the purest bright buttercup yellow.

Bowiei. Brilliant rose.

Double Yellow (*Lutea fl. pl.*).

Rosea. Rose-colored.

White (*Multiflora alba*).

Versicolor. Red, violet and white.

Any of the above, except where noted, 3 cts. each, 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100; mixed, containing a large number of varieties, 3 for 5 cts., 15 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100.

RANUNCULUS

These beautiful dwarf-flowering bulbs delight in a cool, moist atmosphere and will repay extra care in cultivation. The curious, tooth-like bulbs may be kept out of the ground without injury for a long time, and if planted in spring in a cool, shady situation will generally give satisfactory results. They are also desirable for pot culture and for growing in frames in the spring.

Persian Mixed. Rose-shaped flowers; very double.

Turban Mixed. Peony-formed flowers, large and of vivid colors.

French Mixed. Rare flowers of gorgeous colors.

Any of the above, 20 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100.

SCILLA (Squills)

Sibirica. This is one of the prettiest of early spring blooming bulbs, of dwarf habit, with sprays of exquisite rich blue flowers. 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$12 per 1,000.

Campanulata. A beautiful spring-flowering bulb; spikes of bell-shaped flowers in blue, white and rose. Mixed colors, 20 cts. per doz., \$1.25 per 100, \$10 per 1,000. If by mail, add 15 cts. per 100 for postage.

Peruviana (Cuban Lily). Magnificent umbels of rich blue and white flowers. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

SNOWDROP (Galanthus)

The charming Snowdrop is the first of all flowers to herald the approach of spring. It can frequently be seen in bloom when the ground is white with snow, as it takes every advantage, and hastens to display its graceful snow-white bells before the winter has disappeared.

Elwes' Giant. Flowers snow-white, with emerald-green tube. 15 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100, \$6 per 1,000.

Single. Pure white graceful bells; early flowering. 15 cts. per doz., 75 cts. per 100, \$6 per 1,000.

Double. Flowers perfectly double; pure white. 25 cts. per doz., \$1.50 per 100, \$12 per 1,000.

Giant Cassabah. The largest of all the single Snowdrops. 30 cts. per doz., \$2 per 100.

SPARAXIS

A beautiful class of bulbs, allied to the ixias, and requiring the same treatment, producing spikes of flowers of the most exquisite and brilliant colors. Mixed varieties. 15 cts. per doz., \$1 per 100.

SPIRÆA, or ASTILBE

Gladstone. Forms very symmetrical, bushy specimens and is remarkably free-flowering, a single clump producing from 25 to 40 large, snow-white trusses. Strong clumps, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Japonica. Beautiful sprays of silvery white flowers from February till May. It is perfectly hardy, and when planted outside it blooms in June. Strong clumps, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6 per 100.

Japonica compacta multiflora. Dwarf, very compact-growing. Strong clumps, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6 per 100.

Japonica aurea reticulata. Flowers pure white; foliage veined with golden yellow. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

Astilboides. Of dwarf habit and very free-flowering. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Astilboides floribunda. More free-flowering than other varieties. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100.

Palmata. Bright crimson flowers, charming when forced. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Spireas can be sent only by express or freight

HERBACEOUS PEONIES

The Herbaceous Peonies have always held an important place among hardy plants, and with the wonderful improvements made during recent years have established themselves among the leaders for popular favor. They are perfectly hardy, requiring no protection whatever even in the most severe climate, are not troubled with insect pests or disease of any kind, and once planted take care of themselves, increasing in size and beauty each year. The roots may be planted at any time during the autumn or spring months, but for best results they should be set out in autumn.

CHOICE AND RARE PEONIES

DUKE OF WELLINGTON. Ivory-white, with creamy white center; very large.

FESTIVA MAXIMA. The finest and largest white in cultivation. 75 cts. each, \$7.50 per doz.

FLORAL TREASURE. A superb large, clear pink, of perfect form.

GOLDEN HARVEST. The nearest approach to a yellow.

GRANDIFLORA RUBRA. Extra large; finely formed; blood-red.

VICTOR MOORISH. An extra fine, large, double silver very pink.

Except where noted, 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz. One each of the 6 choice and rare sorts for \$3

PÆONIA TENUIFOLIA

Resembles in color the General Jacqueminot rose, and the fine, feathery foliage makes a handsome plant.

Double-flowering. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Single-flowering. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

PÆONIA OFFICINALIS

The real old-fashioned Peony, especially valuable on account of its early flowering.

Rubra. Brilliant glowing crimson.

Rosea. Bright rosy pink.

Alba. Blush white.

30 cts. each, \$3 per doz. One each of the 3 sorts for 75 cts.

TWENTY-FIVE STANDARD DOUBLE PEONIES

Agida. Rich and glowing dark red.

Argus. Light, soft pink.

Andre Laures. A late-flowering deep red.

Christine. Soft pink, shading to lighter center.

Delachei. Late-flowering, rich, deep crimson.

Edulis Superba. Fine bright rose.

Elegantissima. Deep rosy pink, with chamois center.

Festiva alba. A fine large pure white.

Formosa. Fine light pink.

Humei. Bright rosy pink, with golden buff center.

L'Ebrouissante. Rich dark crimson, brilliant.

L'Esperance. A fine fragrant rose-color.

Marie Lemoine. Delicate flesh, passing to white when fully expanded.

Miranda. Deep rose; a fine full flower.

Mons. Rousselot. Soft rose, shading to light center.

Pomponia. Large rosy pink, with salmon center.

Pottsi. Deep rosy red; late-flowering.

Prolifera tricolor. White guard petals, with sulphur-yellow center.

Psyche. Outer petals rose, creamy sulphur center.

Purpurea superba. Rich glowing purple; fine.

Reevesiana. Outer petals deep rose, center blush.

Reine des Flandres. Late; dark rosy pink.

Rosea superba. Fine, full, rosy pink.

Rubra Triumphans. Intense rich glowing crimson.

Victoria Tricolor. Deep rose guard petals, center blush with chamois shadings.

Any of the above, strong roots, 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$18 per 100. Set of 25 sorts for \$4.50.

JAPANESE SINGLE-FLOWERING PEONIES

No other plant flowering at the same season can vie with the single Peony for beauty, and an established bed, when in full bloom, with the large, silky flowers measuring from 6 to 7 inches across, and appearing like immense single roses, is simply gorgeous.

Apollo. Deep pink, shading lighter toward the edges.

Diana. Blush, with creamy white center; very dainty.

Exquisite. White, with yellow stamens; exquisite in its purity of color.

Fabiola. Delicate blush; as dainty as a wild rose.

Neptune. A fine shell-pink; one of the handsomest singles.

Ophir. Dark carmine. The royal color of the flowers contrasts well with lighter sorts.

Saturn. Rosy pink, with yellow stamens. Looks like a big single rose.

Souvenir. Flesh pink, creamy white center.

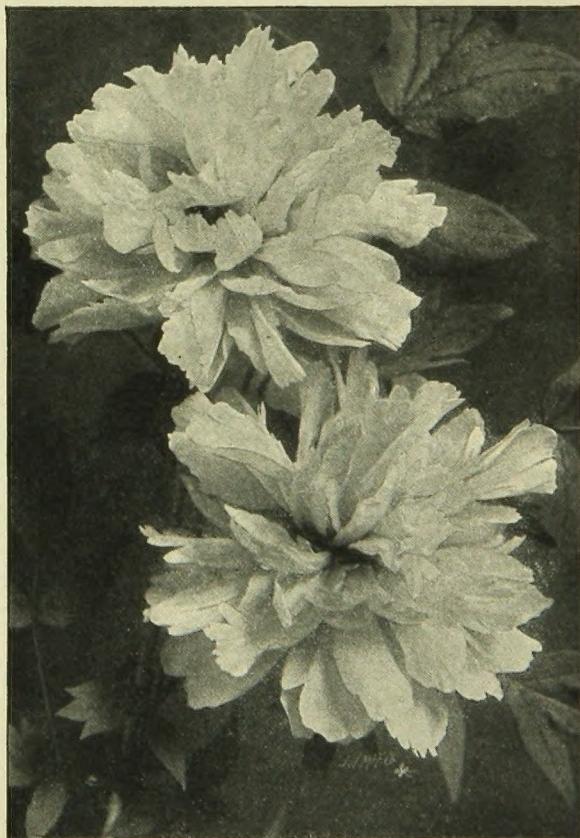
Titian. Soft, delicate pink.

Topaz. Deep rose, shading lighter at the margin.

Undine. Bright pink, with darker shading.

Vesta. Purplish red.

50 cts. each. Set of 12 for \$5



HERBACEOUS PEONIES.

LILIES

Lilies should be planted in any good garden soil, covering the bulb at least three times its own depth, and when hard frost sets in, 4 to 6 inches of leaves or litter should be placed over them; this should be removed in spring, when danger from hard frost is past.

Auratum (Golden-banded Lily). Large, graceful, fragrant flowers, composed of six petals of a delicate ivory-white color, thickly studded with chocolate-crimson spots, and striped through the center a golden yellow; 3 to 5 feet. July to September. 10 cts., 15c., and 25 cts. each, \$1, \$1.50 and \$2 per doz.

Auratum rubro-vittatum. With a band of red running through each petal instead of gold; 3 to 4 feet. August. 50 cts. each, \$5 per doz.

Batemannia. Bright, apricot-tinted flowers; 3 feet. July. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Brownii. Large trumpet-shaped flowers, inside pure white; outside rich purple; 4 feet. July and August. 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz.

Canadense. Bright crimson, with dark spots; 2 to 3 feet. June and July. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

Candidum (Annunciation, or Madonna Lily). The flowers are pure snow-white and very fragrant, borne on long stems, 3 to 4 ft. May and June. Large bulbs, 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz., \$6.50 per 100.



LILUM AURATUM.

Crocceum (Orange Lily). One of the easiest Lilies to grow; bright orange, borne in an umbel of five to ten erect flowers; 3 to 4 feet. July. 10c. each, \$1 per doz.

Elegans (Umbellatum). Flowers erect, borne in clusters; colors of the richest hues of yellow and red; fine for planting in masses. Mixed varieties; 1 to 2 feet. July. 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

Elegans Incomparable. Intense deep red; one of the richest of this easily grown group; 2 feet. July. 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.

Excelsum. This remarkable Lily produces from eight to twelve nodding, rich, apricot-hued blooms; very sweet-scented; 4 to 6 feet. July. 50c. each, \$5 per doz.

Giganteum. Of gigantic growth and very distinct, frequently bearing twelve to twenty large flowers 5 to 6 inches long; color creamy white, with a purple throat; blooms in the summer. \$1.25 each.

Harrisii (Bermuda Easter Lily). This magnificent Lily is undoubtedly the best for winter forcing, as it comes quickly into bloom. Pot in early fall in rich soil, and then plunge in sand, where they should be allowed to remain until the approach of cold weather.

First size bulbs, 5 to 7 inches in circumference, 7c. each, 75 cts. per doz., \$5 per 100.

Extra bulbs, 7 to 9 inches in circumference, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$12 per 100.

Selected bulbs, 9 to 11 inches in circumference, 25c. each, \$2.50 per doz., \$20 per 100.

Monster bulbs, 11 to 13 inches in circumference, 40 cts. each, \$4 per doz.

Humboldtii. Flowers orange-red, with claret-colored spots; 3 to 5 feet. July. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

Krameri. Large flowers, of a soft, beautiful rose color; 2 to 2½ feet. June to August. 15c. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Longiflorum multiflorum. Pure white trumpet-shaped flowers. Splendid for growing in pots for Easter.

First size, 5 to 7 inches, 5 cts. each, 50 cts. per doz., \$3.50 per 100.

Extra size, 7 to 9 inches, 10c. each, \$1 per doz., \$7 per 100.

Selected size, 9 to 10 inches, 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz., \$10 per 100.

Mammoth size, 10 to 11 inches, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz., \$15 per 100.

Pardalinum. Scarlet, shading to rich yellow, spotted with purple-brown; 3 feet. July and August. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Pomponium rubrum. A fine free-growing species, flowers bright red; 2 to 3 feet. June and July. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Superbum. A beautiful native variety, bright reddish orange, spotted; 3 to 6 feet. August. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

Speciosum (*Lancifolium*). The varieties of *Lilium speciosum* comprise the most important group of any one species. They are of easy growth, and can always be relied upon to give satisfaction. The flowers are very beautiful, showy and distinct, and exquisitely fragrant. Magnificent as border plants, also excellent for pot culture; 3 feet. Midsummer.

Speciosum album. Large white flowers of great substance, with a greenish band running through the center of each petal. Fine bulbs, 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.; extra large bulbs, 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Speciosum rubrum, or roseum. White, heavily spotted with rich crimson spots. Fine bulbs, 12 cts. each, \$1.25 per doz.; extra large bulbs, 20c. each, \$2 per doz.

Speciosum Melpomene. Very large flowers; rich blood-crimson, heavily spotted. 15 cts. each, \$1.50 per doz.

Tenuifolium (Coral Lily). Bears in profusion medium-sized flowers of perfect form and of a dazzling orange-scarlet; 1 to 2 feet. May. 20 cts. each, \$2 per doz.

Tigrinum (Tiger Lily). Orange, spotted black; 2 to 5 feet. Summer. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

Tigrinum splendens (Improved Tiger Lily). 10c. each, \$1 per doz.

Tigrinum flore pleno (Double Tiger Lily). Orange-red, spotted with black; double, showy flowers. 12c. each, \$1.25 per doz.

Wallacei. Flowers rich vermillion-orange, spotted with raised maroon dots; thrifty grower, and highly satisfactory; 1 foot. August. 10 cts. each, \$1 per doz.

Washingtonianum purpureum. A grand variety from the Pacific slope; large, fragrant flowers, opening white, turning to purple as they fade; 3 to 5 feet. Summer. 25 cts. each, \$2.50 per doz.

SIEBRECHT & SON, NEW ROCHELLE, N. Y.

New York City address, Windsor Arcade, 569 Fifth avenue